

SAFETY DATA SHEET

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

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Version: 6



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Potassium sulphate

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Trade name/designation:

Potassium sulphate

Other means of identification:

Dipotassium sulfate

CAS No.:

7778-80-5

REACH No.:

01-2119489441-34-0045

EC No.:

231-915-5

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the substance/mixture:

Fertilizer

For reasons of clarity and comprehensibility the following section contains only the most important identified uses. For additional uses please consult the manufacturer or the the trading company.

Relevant identified uses:

Life cycle stage [LCS]

M: Manufacture

F: Formulation or re-packing

IS: Use at industrial sites

PW: Widespread use by professional workers

Sector of uses [SU]

SU 3: Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites

SU 8: Manufacture of bulk, large scale chemicals (including petroleum products)

SU 21: Consumer uses

SU 22: Professional uses: Public domain (administration, education, entertainment, services, craftsmen)

Product Categories [PC]

PC 0: Other

PC 12: Fertilizers

PC 27: Plant protection products

Process categories [PROC]

PROC 1: Chemical production or refinery in closed process without likelihood of exposure or processes with equivalent containment conditions

PROC 3: Manufacture or formulation in the chemical industry in closed batch processes with occasional controlled exposure or processes with equivalent containment condition

PROC 4: Chemical production where opportunity for exposure arises

PROC 5: Mixing or blending in batch processes

PROC 6: Calendering operations

PROC 7: Industrial spraying

PROC 8a: Transfer of substance or mixture (charging and discharging) at non-dedicated facilities

PROC 8b: Transfer of substance or mixture (charging and discharging) at dedicated facilities

PROC 9: Transfer of substance or mixture into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing)

PROC 10: Roller application or brushing

PROC 11: Non industrial spraying

PROC 13: Treatment of articles by dipping and pouring

PROC 14: Tableting, compression, extrusion, pelletisation, granulation

PROC 15: Use as laboratory reagent

PROC 21: Low energy manipulation of substances bound in materials and/or articles

PROC 24: High (mechanical) energy work-up of substances bound in/on materials and/or articles

PROC 26: Handling of solid inorganic substances at ambient temperature

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Environmental release categories [ERC]

- ERC 1:** Manufacture of the substance
- ERC 2:** Formulation into mixture (mixtures)
- ERC 3:** Formulation in materials
- ERC 4:** Use of non-reactive processing aid at industrial site (no inclusion into or onto article)
- ERC 5:** Use at industrial site leading to inclusion into/onto article
- ERC 6a:** Use of intermediate
- ERC 8a:** Widespread use of non-reactive processing aid (no inclusion into or onto article, indoor)
- ERC 8b:** Widespread use of reactive processing aid (no inclusion into or onto article, indoor)
- ERC 8c:** Widespread use leading to inclusion into/onto article (indoor)
- ERC 8d:** Widespread use of non-reactive processing aid (no inclusion into or onto article, outdoor)
- ERC 8e:** Widespread use of reactive processing aid (no inclusion into or onto article, outdoor)
- ERC 10b:** Widespread use of articles with high or intended release (outdoor)
- ERC 11b:** Widespread use of articles with high or intended release (indoor)
- ERC 12b:** Processing of articles at industrial sites with high release

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier (manufacturer/importer/only representative/downstream user/distributor):

German Biofuels GmbH

Am Hünengrab 9

16928 Pritzwalk/Germany

Telephone: +49 33986 5050

Telefax: +49 33986 50599

E-mail: info@gbfgmbh.de

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Produktion/Production, 24h: +49 172 56 82 831, +49 33986 50582 (Only available during office hours.)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP]

The substance is classified as not hazardous according to regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP].

2.2. Label elements

Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

Hazard pictograms:



GHS07

Exclamation mark

Signal word: Warning

Hazard statements for health hazards

H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
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Precautionary statements Prevention

P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
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Precautionary statements Response

P305 + P351 + P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
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P337 + P313	If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
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2.3. Other hazards

No data available

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SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

* 3.1. Substances

Hazardous ingredients / Hazardous impurities / Stabilisers:

Product identifiers	Substance name Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP]	Concentration
CAS No.: 7778-80-5 EC No.: 231-915-5 REACH No.: 01-2119489441-34-XXXX	potassium sulfate The substance is classified as not hazardous according to regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP].	≥ 66 - ≤ 90.3 %
	Organic substances of vegetable origin The substance is classified as not hazardous according to regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP].	≥ 4 - ≤ 20 %
CAS No.: 7732-18-5 EC No.: 231-791-2	water The substance is classified as not hazardous according to regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP].	≥ 7 - ≤ 15 %
CAS No.: 7646-93-7 EC No.: 231-594-1	potassium hydrogensulphate STOT SE 3 (H335), Skin Corr. 1B (H314)  Danger	≥ 1 - ≤ 3 %

Full text of H- and EUH-phrases: see section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Following inhalation:

If breathing is difficult, remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.
If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration.
Where appropriate artificial ventilation. Call a physician immediately.
No mouth-to-mouth or mouth-to-nose resuscitation. Use Ambu bag or ventilator.

In case of skin contact:

After contact with skin, wash immediately with plenty of water and soap.

Following ingestion:

In case of accident or unwellness, seek medical advice immediately (show directions for use or safety data sheet if possible).
Rinse mouth immediately and drink plenty of water.
Induce vomiting when the affected person is not unconscious.
Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person or a person with cramps.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Acute effects: Causes serious eye irritation.

Delayed effects: --

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No data available

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media:

D-powder Carbon dioxide (CO₂) Foam Water mist

Unsuitable extinguishing media:

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5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

In case of fire may be liberated: Sulphur dioxide (SO₂)

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Wear a self-contained breathing apparatus and chemical protective clothing.
Use suitable protective equipment.

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SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

Personal precautions:

- Avoid dust formation.
- Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothes.
- Use suitable protective equipment.

Protective equipment:

- Wear breathing apparatus if exposed to vapours/dusts/aerosols.

6.1.2. For emergency responders

Personal protection equipment:

- In case of fire: Wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

6.2. Environmental precautions

- Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains.
- Knock down dust with water spray jet.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

For cleaning up:

- Wash with plenty of water.
- Transfer wash-downs in sealed containers.
- To clean the floor and all objects contaminated by this material, use plenty of water.
- IF ON CLOTHING: rinse immediately contaminated clothing and skin with plenty of water before removing clothes.

6.4. Reference to other sections

- => 8. Personal protection equipment
- => 13. Waste treatment methods

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

Advices on safe handling:

- Provide adequate ventilation as well as local exhaustion at critical locations. Use suitable protective equipment. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothes. Avoid dust formation.

When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

Measures to prevent aerosol and dust generation:

- Carry out filling operations only at stations with exhaust ventilation facilities.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Technical measures and storage conditions:

- Store in a cool dry place.

Requirements for storage rooms and vessels:

- Keep/Store only in original container. Keep container tightly closed.

Storage class (TRGS 510, Germany): 13 - Non-combustible solids that cannot be assigned to any of the above storage classes

7.3. Specific end use(s)

- No data available

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

- No data available

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8.2. Exposure controls

8.2.1. Appropriate engineering controls

Provide adequate ventilation as well as local exhaustion at critical locations.

8.2.2. Personal protection equipment



Eye/face protection:

Suitable eye protection: Wear eye/face protection.

Skin protection:

Hand protection: NBR (Nitrile rubber)

Respiratory protection:

dust formation: Suitable respiratory protection apparatus: P1

Other protection measures:

Protective clothing: Wear suitable protective clothing. Boots

General health and safety measures: Wash hands and face before breaks and after work and take a shower if necessary.

8.2.3. Environmental exposure controls

No data available

8.3. Additional information

To date, no national critical limit values exist.

Recommended occupational and consumer exposure limit values

Exposure pattern | DNEL workers

Oral n.a.

Dermal 21.3 mg/kg bw/d

Inhalation 37.6 mg/m³

Exposure pattern | DNEL General population

Oral 12.8 mg/kg bw/d

Dermal 12.8 mg/kg bw/d

Inhalation 11.1 mg/m³

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

* 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state: solid: crystalline, Powder, granulate **Colour:** colourless, white
- pasty, lumpy

Odour: No - mild

Safety relevant basis data

Parameter	Value	at °C	① Method ② Remark
pH	4 - 5	25 °C	① DIN 38404- ② Dissolved substance quantity: 120 g/l
Melting point	≈ 1,069 °C		
Freezing point	not applicable		
Initial boiling point and boiling range	≈ 1,689 °C		
Decomposition temperature	not determined		
Flash point	not applicable		
Evaporation rate	not applicable		
Auto-ignition temperature	not applicable		

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Parameter	Value	at °C	① Method ② Remark
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	<i>not applicable</i>		
Vapour pressure	<i>not applicable</i>		
Vapour density	<i>not applicable</i>		
Density	≈ 2.66 g/cm ³	20 °C	
Relative density	<i>not determined</i>		
Bulk density	<i>not determined</i>		
Water solubility	≈ 120 g/l	25 °C	
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	<i>not applicable</i>		
Dynamic viscosity	<i>not applicable</i>		
Kinematic viscosity	<i>not applicable</i>		

9.2. Other information

Non-flammable.
Not oxidising.
Not explosive.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Substance is stable under normal ambient and anticipated storage and handling conditions of temperature and pressure.

10.2. Chemical stability

Substance is stable under normal ambient and anticipated storage and handling conditions of temperature and pressure.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

When heated to decomposition temperature, it emits toxic fumes of K₂O and SO_x.
Danger of explosion: sodium, magnesium

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Keep away from sources of heat (e.g. hot surfaces), sparks and open flames.

10.5. Incompatible materials

No data available

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

In case of fire may be liberated: Gases/vapours, harmful Sulphur oxides

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Acute oral toxicity:

Acute toxicity (oral) LD₅₀: > 2000 mg/kg bw (OECD 425)
Acute toxicity (dermal) LD₅₀: > 2000 mg/kg bw (OECD 402)
Acute toxicity (inhalative) LC₅₀: > 1200 mg/m³

Acute dermal toxicity:

Acute toxicity (oral) LD₅₀: > 2000 mg/kg bw (OECD 425)
Acute toxicity (dermal) LD₅₀: > 2000 mg/kg bw (OECD 402)
Acute toxicity (inhalative) LC₅₀: > 1200 mg/m³

Acute inhalation toxicity:

Acute toxicity (oral) LD₅₀: > 2000 mg/kg bw (OECD 425)
Acute toxicity (dermal) LD₅₀: > 2000 mg/kg bw (OECD 402)
Acute toxicity (inhalative) LC₅₀: > 1200 mg/m³

Skin corrosion/irritation:

No known symptoms to date.

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Respiratory or skin sensitisation:

No known symptoms to date.

Carcinogenicity:

No known symptoms to date. (OECD 471, 473, 476)

Oral NOAEL repro/developmental > 1500 mg/kg bw/day (OECD 422)

No experimental indications of in vitro mutagenicity exist.

Additional information:

Repeated dose toxicity (subacute, subchronic, chronic): Oral 28-day NOAEL > 1500 mg/kg bw/day (OECD 422)

Oral 52-weeks NOAELmale = 256 mg/kg bw/day (OECD 453)

11.2. Information on other hazards

No data available

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Aquatic toxicity:

Acute (short-term) fish toxicity: 96-h LC₅₀: 680 mg/l (EPA)

Daphnia magna: 48-h EC₅₀: 720 mg/l (EPA)

Acute (short-term) toxicity to algae and cyanobacteria: 18-d EC₅₀: 2700 mg/l (no guideline)

Terrestrial toxicity:

Inhibition of microbial activity: EC₅₀: > 100 mg/l (weight of evidence)

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Abiotic degradation:

Hydrolysis: none

Biodegradation:

The methods for determining the biological degradability are not applicable to inorganic substances.

Additional information:

Further ecological information: Biodegradation: The methods for determining the biological degradability are not applicable to inorganic substances.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water:

not applicable

Accumulation / Evaluation:

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water not relevant (Product/Substance is inorganic.)

BCF: No indication of bioaccumulation potential.

12.4. Mobility in soil

adsorption coefficient Low

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Substance name	Results of PBT and vPvB assessment
potassium sulfate CAS No.: 7778-80-5 EC No.: 231-915-5	—
water CAS No.: 7732-18-5 EC No.: 231-791-2	—
potassium hydrogensulphate CAS No.: 7646-93-7 EC No.: 231-594-1	—
Organic substances of vegetable origin	—

The study does not need to be conducted because the substance is inorganic. (1907/2006/EC, Annex XIII)

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

No data available

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12.7. Other adverse effects

Further ecological information: none

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

* 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Do not contaminate ground or surface water. Recycling possible after special treatment. Consult the appropriate local waste disposal expert about waste disposal.

13.1.1. Product/Packaging disposal

Waste codes/waste designations according to EWC/AVV

Waste code product

02 01 09	Agrochemical waste other than those mentioned in 02 01 08
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Remark:

Evidence for disposal must be provided.

Waste code packaging

15 01 02	Plastic packaging
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Waste treatment options

Appropriate disposal / Product:

Dispose of waste according to applicable legislation. Before landfilling, check whether it can be used as a fertilizer in agriculture.

Appropriate disposal / Package:

Do not remove label until container is thoroughly cleaned. Rinsing with cold or lukewarm water. Non-contaminated packages may be recycled.

SECTION 14: Transport information

Land transport (ADR/RID)	Inland waterway craft (ADN)	Sea transport (IMDG)	Air transport (ICAO-TI / IATA-DGR)
14.1. UN number or ID number			
No dangerous good in sense of these transport regulations.	No dangerous good in sense of these transport regulations.	No dangerous good in sense of these transport regulations.	No dangerous good in sense of these transport regulations.
14.2. UN proper shipping name			
No dangerous good in sense of these transport regulations.	No dangerous good in sense of these transport regulations.	No dangerous good in sense of these transport regulations.	No dangerous good in sense of these transport regulations.
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)			
not relevant	not relevant	not relevant	not relevant
14.4. Packing group			
not relevant	not relevant	not relevant	not relevant
14.5. Environmental hazards			
not relevant	not relevant	not relevant	not relevant
14.6. Special precautions for user			
not relevant	not relevant	not relevant	not relevant

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Not classified for this transport carrier.

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SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

15.1.1. EU legislation

Other regulations (EU):

Directive 2012/18/EU on the control of major-accident hazards involving dangerous substances [Seveso-III-Directive]: This product is not assigned to a hazard category.

15.1.2. National regulations

[DE] National regulations

Störfallverordnung

for substances contained in the product:

This product is not assigned to a hazard category.

Water hazard class

WGK:

1 - schwach wassergefährdend

Source:

AwVS, Nr. 255 (Rigoletto)

15.2. Chemical Safety Assessment

For this substance a chemical safety assessment has been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

16.1. Indication of changes

3.1.	Substances
9.1.	Information on basic physical and chemical properties
13.1.	Waste treatment methods

16.2. Abbreviations and acronyms

Abbreviations:

CSA: Chemical Safety Assessment

PBT: Substance with persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic properties.

vPvB: Substance with very persistent and very bioaccumulative properties.

MFSU: Manufacture, formulation, supply and use

Rigoletto: Database of the German Federal Environmental Agency, which contains the classification of substances according to their water hazard class (<https://webriigoletto.uba.de/Rigoletto/Home/Search>).

16.3. Key literature references and sources for data

See annex

16.4. Classification for mixtures and used evaluation method according to regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP]

The substance is classified as not hazardous according to regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP].

16.5. Relevant R-, H- and EUH-phrases (Number and full text)

Hazard statements	
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.

16.6. Training advice

No data available

16.7. Additional information

Given data sheets are based on our present experiences, however they are no assurance of product properties and do not justify a contractual legal relationship.

* Data changed compared with the previous version

ANNEX

1 Exposure scenario (1)	
Manufacturing of the substance	
Use descriptors related to the life cycle stage	SU8 PROC1/4/8a/8b/9/15 ERC1
Name of contributing environmental scenario (1) and corresponding ERC	1. Manufacturing of substances (ERC1)
List of names of contributing worker scenarios (2) and corresponding PROC	1. Use in closed process, no likelihood of exposure (PROC1) 2. Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises (PROC4) 3. Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at non-dedicated facilities (PROC8a) 4. Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at dedicated facilities (PROC8b) 5. Transfer of substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing) (PROC9) 6. Use as laboratory reagent (PROC15)
2.1 Contributing scenario (1) controlling environmental exposure	
Environmental release during manufacturing ERC1 An environmental assessment has not been performed as the substance does not meet the criteria for being classified as dangerous for the environment.	
2.2 Contributing scenario (2) controlling worker exposure for manufacturing of the substance.	
All Process Categories are covered by this contributing scenario as all Operational Conditions (OCs) and Risk Management Measures (RMMs) are identical. PROC1/4/8a/8b/9/15	
Product characteristic	
Product related conditions, e.g. the concentration of the substance in a mixture, the physical state of that mixture (solid, liquid; if solid: level of dustiness), package design affecting exposure	Solid, low dustiness Liquid
Amounts used	
Amounts used at a workplace (per task or per shift); note: sometimes this information is not needed for assessment of worker's exposure	Not applicable
Frequency and duration of use/exposure	
Duration per task/activity (e.g. hours per shift) and frequency (e.g. single events or repeated) of exposure	More than 4 hours per day
Human factors not influenced by risk management	
Particular conditions of use, e.g. body parts potentially exposed as a result of the nature of the activity	Not applicable

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Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure	
Other given operational conditions: e.g. technology or process techniques determining the initial release of substance from process into workers environment; room volume, whether the work is carried out outdoors/indoors, process conditions related to temperature and pressure.	Indoors
Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to prevent release	
Process design aiming to prevent releases and hence exposure of workers; this in particular includes conditions ensuring rigorous containment; performance of containment to be specified (e.g. by quantification of residual losses or exposure)	Not applicable
Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker	
Engineering controls, e.g. exhaust ventilation, general ventilation; specify effectiveness of measure	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Containment as appropriate 2. Good standard of general ventilation
Organisational measures to prevent /limit releases, dispersion and exposure	
Specific organisational measures or measures needed to support the functioning of particular technical measures (e.g. training and supervision). Those measures need to be reported in particular for demonstrating strictly controlled conditions (to justify exposure based waiving).	Not applicable
Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation	
Personal protection, e.g. wearing of gloves, face protection, full body dermal protection, goggles, respirator; specify effectiveness of measure; specify the suitable material for the PPE (where relevant) and advise how long the protective equipment can be used before replacement (if relevant)	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Chemical goggles
3 Exposure information and reference to its source	
Information for contributing scenario 1	
An environmental assessment has not been performed as the substance does not meet the criteria for being classified as dangerous for the environment.	
Information for contributing scenario 2	
<p>A qualitative approach was used to conclude safe use for workers.</p> <p>The leading toxicological effect is eye irritation (local endpoint), for which no DNEL can be derived as no dose-response information is available. As no systemic effects were noted at such high levels of substance that humans are normally not exposed to (see DNELs), a quantitative assessment is not considered necessary.</p>	
4 Guidance to DU to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the ES	
No additional risk management measures, besides those that are mentioned above, are needed to guarantee safe use for workers.	
5 Additional good practice advice beyond the REACH CSA	
<p>Additional good practices (Operational Conditions and Risk Management Measures) beyond the REACH Chemical Safety Assessment established within Chemical Industry are also advised and communicated through Safety Data Sheets. Such as:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Containment as appropriate; - Minimise number of staff exposed; - Segregation of the emitting process; - Effective contaminant extraction; - Good standard of general ventilation; - Minimisation of manual phases; - Avoidance of contact with contaminated tools and objects; - Regular cleaning of equipment and work area; - Management/supervision in place to check that RMMs in place are being used correctly and OCs 	

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followed;

- Training staff on good practice;
- Good standard of personal hygiene;

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1 Exposure scenario (2)	
Industrial use for formulation of preparations, intermediate use and end-use in industrial settings.	
Use descriptors related to the life cycle stage	SU3 PC0(UCN B50000, K35000, S35000)/12/19/20/23/26/27/34 PROC1/3/4/5/6/7/8a/8b/9/10/13/14/15/21/24/26 ERC2/3/4/5/6a/12b
Name of contributing environmental scenario (1) and corresponding ERC	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Formulation of preparations (ERC2) 2. Formulation in materials (ERC3) 3. Industrial use of processing aids in processes and products, not becoming part of articles (ERC4) 4. Industrial use resulting in inclusion into or onto a matrix (ERC5) 5. Industrial use resulting in manufacture of another substance (use of intermediates) (ERC6a) 6. Industrial processing of articles with abrasive techniques (high release) (ERC12b)
List of names of contributing worker scenarios (2) and corresponding PROC	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Use in closed process, no likelihood of exposure (PROC1) 2. Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation) (PROC3) 3. Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises (PROC4) 4. Mixing or blending in batch processes for formulation of preparations and articles (multistage and/or significant contact) (PROC5) 5. Calendering operations (PROC6) 6. Industrial spraying (PROC7) 7. Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at non-dedicated facilities (PROC8a) 8. Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at dedicated facilities (PROC8b) 9. Transfer of substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing) (PROC9) 10. Roller application or brushing (PROC10) 11. Treatment of articles by dipping and pouring (PROC13) 12. Production of preparations* or articles by tableting, compression, extrusion, pelletisation (PROC14) 13. Use as laboratory reagent (PROC15) 14. Low energy manipulation of substances bound in materials and/or articles (PROC21) 15. High (mechanical) energy work-up of substances bound in materials and/or articles (PROC24) 16. Handling of solid inorganic substances at ambient temperature (PROC26)
2.1 Contributing scenario (1) controlling environmental exposure	
<p>Formulation of preparations (ERC2) and of materials (ERC3). Industrial use of processing aids in processes and products, not becoming part of articles (ERC4), industrial use resulting in inclusion into or onto a matrix (ERC5), resulting in manufacture of another substance (use of intermediates, ERC6a) and industrial processing of articles with abrasive techniques (high release, ERC12b).</p> <p>An environmental assessment has not been performed as the substance does not meet the criteria for being classified as dangerous for the environment.</p>	
2.2 Contributing scenario (2) controlling worker exposure for industrial use for formulation of preparations, intermediate use and end-use in industrial settings.	
<p>All Process Categories are covered by this contributing scenario as all Operational Conditions (OCs) and Risk Management Measures (RMMs) are identical.</p> <p>PROC1/3/4/5/6/7/8a/8b/9/10/13/14/15/21/24/26</p>	
Product characteristic	

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Product related conditions, e.g. the concentration of the substance in a mixture, the physical state of that mixture (solid, liquid; if solid: level of dustiness), package design affecting exposure	Solid, low dustiness Liquid
Amounts used	
Amounts used at a workplace (per task or per shift); note: sometimes this information is not needed for assessment of worker's exposure	Not applicable
Frequency and duration of use/exposure	
Duration per task/activity (e.g. hours per shift) and frequency (e.g. single events or repeated) of exposure	More than 4 hours per day
Human factors not influenced by risk management	
Particular conditions of use, e.g. body parts potentially exposed as a result of the nature of the activity	Not applicable
Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure	
Other given operational conditions: e.g. technology or process techniques determining the initial release of substance from process into workers environment; room volume, whether the work is carried out outdoors/indoors, process conditions related to temperature and pressure.	Indoors
Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to prevent release	
Process design aiming to prevent releases and hence exposure of workers; this in particular includes conditions ensuring rigorous containment; performance of containment to be specified (e.g. by quantification of residual losses or exposure)	Not applicable
Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker	
Engineering controls, e.g. exhaust ventilation, general ventilation; specify effectiveness of measure	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Containment as appropriate 2. Good standard of general ventilation
Organisational measures to prevent /limit releases, dispersion and exposure	
Specific organisational measures or measures needed to support the functioning of particular technical measures (e.g. training and supervision). Those measures need to be reported in particular for demonstrating strictly controlled conditions (to justify exposure based waiving).	Not applicable
Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation	
Personal protection, e.g. wearing of gloves, face protection, full body dermal protection, goggles,	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Chemical goggles

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respirator; specify effectiveness of measure; specify the suitable material for the PPE (where relevant) and advise how long the protective equipment can be used before replacement (if relevant)	
3 Exposure information and reference to its source	
Information for contributing scenario 1	
An environmental assessment has not been performed as the substance does not meet the criteria for being classified as dangerous for the environment.	
Information for contributing scenario 2	
A qualitative approach was used to conclude safe use for workers. The leading toxicological effect is eye irritation (local endpoint), for which no DNEL can be derived as no dose-response information is available. As no systemic effects were noted at such high levels of substance that humans are normally not exposed to (see DNELs), a quantitative assessment is not considered necessary.	
4 Guidance to DU to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the ES	
No additional risk management measures, besides those that are mentioned above, are needed to guarantee safe use for workers.	
5 Additional good practice advice beyond the REACH CSA	
Additional good practices (Operational Conditions and Risk Management Measures) beyond the REACH Chemical Safety Assessment established within Chemical Industry are also advised and communicated through Safety Data Sheets. Such as:	
<ul style="list-style-type: none">- Containment as appropriate;- Minimise number of staff exposed;- Segregation of the emitting process;- Effective contaminant extraction;- Good standard of general ventilation;- Minimisation of manual phases;- Avoidance of contact with contaminated tools and objects;- Regular cleaning of equipment and work area;- Management/supervision in place to check that RMMs in place are being used correctly and OCs followed;- Training staff on good practice;- Good standard of personal hygiene;	

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1 Exposure scenario (3)	
Professional use in formulation of preparations and end-use	
Use descriptors related to the life cycle stage	SU22 PC0(UCN B50000, K35000, S35000)/12/21/27/35 PROC8a/8b/9/10/11/13/15/19/24/26 ERC8a/8b/8c/8d/8e/10b/11b
Name of contributing environmental scenario (1) and corresponding ERC	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Wide dispersive indoor use of processing aids in open systems (ERC8a) 2. Wide dispersive indoor use of reactive substances in open systems (ERC8b) 3. Wide dispersive indoor use resulting in inclusion into or onto a matrix (ERC8c) 4. Wide dispersive outdoor use of processing aids in open systems (ERC8d) 5. Wide dispersive outdoor use of reactive substances in open systems (ERC8e) 6. Wide dispersive outdoor use of long-life articles and materials with high or intended release (including abrasive processing, ERC10b) 7. Wide dispersive indoor use of long-life articles and materials with high or intended release (including abrasive processing, ERC11b)
List of names of contributing worker scenarios (2) and corresponding PROC	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at non-dedicated facilities (PROC8a) 2. Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at dedicated facilities (PROC8b) 3. Transfer of substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing) (PROC9) 4. Roller application or brushing (PROC10) 5. Non industrial spraying (PROC11) 6. Treatment of articles by dipping and pouring (PROC13) 7. Use as laboratory reagent (PROC15) 8. Hand-mixing with intimate contact and only PPE available (PROC19) 9. High (mechanical) energy work-up of substances bound in materials and/or articles (PROC24) 10. Handling of solid inorganic substances at ambient temperature (PROC26)
2.1 Contributing scenario (1) controlling environmental exposure	
<p>Wide dispersive indoor use of processing aids in open systems (ERC8a), of reactive substances in open systems (ERC8b), resulting in inclusion into or onto a matrix (ERC8c), of long-life articles and materials with high or intended release (including abrasive processing, ERC11b). Wide dispersive outdoor use of processing aids in open systems (ERC8d) and of reactive substances in open systems (ERC8e), of long-life articles and materials with high or intended release (including abrasive processing, ERC10b).</p> <p>An environmental assessment has not been performed as the substance does not meet the criteria for being classified as dangerous for the environment.</p>	
2.2 Contributing scenario (2) controlling worker exposure for professional use in formulation of preparations and end-use	
<p>All Process Categories are covered by this contributing scenario as all Operational Conditions (OCs) and Risk Management Measures (RMMs) are identical.</p> <p>PROC8a/8b/9/10/11/13/15/19/24/26</p>	
Product characteristic	

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Product related conditions, e.g. the concentration of the substance in a mixture, the physical state of that mixture (solid, liquid; if solid: level of dustiness), package design affecting exposure	Solid, low dustiness Liquid, >25% substance in the product
Amounts used	
Amounts used at a workplace (per task or per shift); note: sometimes this information is not needed for assessment of worker's exposure	Not applicable
Frequency and duration of use/exposure	
Duration per task/activity (e.g. hours per shift) and frequency (e.g. single events or repeated) of exposure	More than 4 hours per day
Human factors not influenced by risk management	
Particular conditions of use, e.g. body parts potentially exposed as a result of the nature of the activity	Not applicable
Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure	
Other given operational conditions: e.g. technology or process techniques determining the initial release of substance from process into workers environment; room volume, whether the work is carried out outdoors/indoors, process conditions related to temperature and pressure.	Indoors or outdoors
Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to prevent release	
Process design aiming to prevent releases and hence exposure of workers; this in particular includes conditions ensuring rigorous containment; performance of containment to be specified (e.g. by quantification of residual losses or exposure)	Not applicable
Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker	
Engineering controls, e.g. exhaust ventilation, general ventilation; specify effectiveness of measure	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Containment as appropriate 2. Good standard of general ventilation 3. Avoid splashing. Use specific dispensers and pumps specifically to designed to prevent splashes/spills/exposure to occur
Organisational measures to prevent /limit releases, dispersion and exposure	
Specific organisational measures or measures needed to support the functioning of particular technical measures (e.g. training and supervision). Those measures need to be reported in particular for demonstrating strictly controlled conditions (to justify exposure based waiving).	Not applicable
Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation	
Personal protection, e.g. wearing of	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Chemical goggles

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gloves, face protection, full body dermal protection, goggles, respirator; specify effectiveness of measure; specify the suitable material for the PPE (where relevant) and advise how long the protective equipment can be used before replacement (if relevant)	
3 Exposure information and reference to its source	
Information for contributing scenario 1	
An environmental assessment has not been performed as the substance does not meet the criteria for being classified as dangerous for the environment.	
Information for contributing scenario 2	
A qualitative approach was used to conclude safe use for workers. The leading toxicological effect is eye irritation (local endpoint), for which no DNEL can be derived as no dose-response information is available. As no systemic effects were noted at such high levels of substance that humans are normally not exposed to (see DNELs), a quantitative assessment is not considered necessary.	
4 Guidance to DU to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the ES	
No additional risk management measures, besides those that are mentioned above, are needed to guarantee safe use for workers.	
5 Additional good practice advice beyond the REACH CSA	
Additional good practices (Operational Conditions and Risk Management Measures) beyond the REACH Chemical Safety Assessment established within Chemical Industry are also advised and communicated through Safety Data Sheets. Such as:	
<ul style="list-style-type: none">- Containment as appropriate;- Minimise number of staff exposed;- Segregation of the emitting process;- Effective contaminant extraction;- Good standard of general ventilation;- Minimisation of manual phases;- Avoidance of contact with contaminated tools and objects;- Regular cleaning of equipment and work area;- Management/supervision in place to check that RMMs in place are being used correctly and OCs followed;- Training staff on good practice;- Good standard of personal hygiene;	

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1 Exposure scenario (4)	
Consumer end-use of fertilizers and other products	
Use descriptors related to the life cycle stage	SU21 PC0(UCN K35000, S35000)/12/27 ERC8a/8b/8c/8d/8e/11b
Name of contributing environmental scenario (1) and corresponding ERC	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Wide dispersive indoor use of processing aids in open systems (ERC8a) 2. Wide dispersive indoor use of reactive substances in open systems (ERC8b) 3. Wide dispersive indoor use resulting in inclusion into or onto a matrix (ERC8c) 4. Wide dispersive outdoor use of processing aids in open systems (ERC8d) 5. Wide dispersive outdoor use of reactive substances in open systems (ERC8e) 6. Wide dispersive indoor use of long-life articles and materials with high or intended release (including abrasive processing, ERC11b)
List of names of contributing consumer scenarios (2) and corresponding PC and sub-product categories if applicable	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Construction materials, abrasives – surface treatment (PC0; K35000, S35000) 2. Fertilizers (PC12) 3. Plant protection products (PC27)
2.1 Contributing scenario (1) controlling environmental exposure	
<p>Wide dispersive indoor use of processing aids in open systems (ERC8a), reactive substances in open systems (ERC8b) and of long-life articles and materials with high or intended release (including abrasive processing, ERC11b). Wide dispersive indoor use resulting in inclusion into or onto a matrix (ERC8c). Wide dispersive outdoor use of processing aids in open systems (ERC8d) and of reactive substances in open systems (ERC8e). An environmental assessment has not been performed as the substance does not meet the criteria for being classified as dangerous for the environment.</p>	
2.2 Contributing scenario (2) Consumer end-use of fertilizers and other products	
<p>All Product Categories are covered by this contributing scenario as all Operational Conditions (OCs) and Risk Management Measures (RMMs) are identical. Potassium sulphate (with $\geq 1\%$ and $< 3\%$ KHSO_4) is classified as irritating to eyes (H319 under CLP). Exposure to eye irritating dilutions can occur during consumer use of construction materials and abrasives (PC0), fertilizers (PC12) and plant protection products (PC27) due to dust/splashes. However, it has to be noted that the end products are further diluted which can lead to levels at which no eye irritation will occur.</p>	
Product characteristic	
Product related conditions, e.g. the concentration of the substance in a mixture, the physical state of that mixture (solid, liquid; if solid: level of dustiness), package design affecting exposure	Solid, low dustiness Liquid Products containing potassium sulphate containing $\geq 1\%$ or $< 1\%$ KHSO_4
Amounts used	
Amounts used per event	Not applicable
Frequency and duration of use/exposure	
Duration of exposure per event and frequency of events; please note: Tier 1 exposure assessment usually refers to external event exposure, without taking into account the duration and frequency of the event (see Guidance Chapter R.15);	Not applicable
Human factors not influenced by risk management	

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Particular conditions of use, e.g. body parts potentially exposed; population potentially exposed (adults, children)	Not applicable
Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure	
Other operational conditions e.g. room volume, air exchange rate, outdoor or indoor use	Indoors or outdoors
Conditions and measures related to information and behavioral advice to consumers	
Safety advice to be communicated to consumers in order to control exposure, e.g. technical instruction, behavioral advice;	Avoid splashing.
Conditions and measures related to personal protection and hygiene	
Personal protection, e.g. wearing of gloves, face protection, full body dermal protection, goggles, respirator; specify effectiveness of measure; specify the suitable material for the PPE (where relevant) and advise how long the protective equipment can be used before replacement (if relevant).	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. If potassium sulphate containing $\geq 1\%$ KHSO₄: Use chemical goggles 2. If potassium sulphate containing $< 1\%$ KHSO₄: No personal protection needed 3. Instructions addressed to the consumer via product labelling
3 Exposure information and reference to its source	
Information for contributing scenario 1	
An environmental assessment has not been performed as the substance does not meet the criteria for being classified as dangerous for the environment.	
Information for contributing scenario 2	
<p>A qualitative approach was used to conclude safe use for consumers.</p> <p>The leading toxicological effect is eye irritation (local endpoint), for which no DNEL can be derived as no dose-response information is available. As no systemic effects were noted at such high levels of substance that humans are normally not exposed to (see DNELs), a quantitative assessment is not considered necessary.</p>	
4 Guidance to DU to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the ES	
<p>No additional risk management measures, besides those that are mentioned above, are needed to guarantee safe use for workers/consumers for use of construction materials and abrasives, fertilisers, plant protection products:</p> <p>If potassium sulphate containing $\geq 1\%$ KHSO₄: Use chemical goggles</p> <p>If potassium sulphate containing $< 1\%$ KHSO₄: No personal protection needed</p>	